S1905-1

# GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

*STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS*

*SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR*

*GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR* **FEBRUARY 1980** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(January Data)

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT DECLINES IN JANUARY

Seasonal factors caused the nonagricultural employment estimate for January to sink 25,500 from December's estimate. Employment for January registered 2,121,800 compared to 2,147,300 for December and 2,075,700 for January 1979. The largest drop recorded in January - 16,100 -occurred in retail trade. The normal after-Christmas decline in retail employment was shared by department stores, women's ready-to-wear stores, shoe stores, mail order houses, restaurants, sporting goods stores and miscellaneous general merchandise stores. Although retail trade employment declined, overall wholesale trade employment increased by 900 primarily in commercial machines and equipment as well as industrial machinery and equipment. The U.S. Department of Commerce reported a 2.3 percent increase in retail sales for January after seasonal adjustment (*Business Week*, February 25, 1980). Wholesale prices jumped 1.6 percent in January, reflecting the largest increase in five years. The increase was attributed mainly to higher gasoline and heating oil prices.

Contract construction, declining 1,300 from December to January, reflected the normal seasonal trend in employment. Special trade construction increased by 600 but was more than offset by losses in general building and heavy construction. Somewhat related to the construction sector is the finance, insurance and real estate sector. Overall employment dropped by 700. Insurance and real estate reported decrements while finance rose by 300. Nationally, the mortgage insurance industry and the housing industry have reported a declining market.

Manufacturing employment experienced a decline of 4,400 from December to January with both durable and nondurable goods employment declining. Over half of the 2,500 worker drop in durable goods was due to a layoff in an automobile assembly plant. However, some strength was shown in aircraft assembly manufacturing.

Nationally, over 200,000 workers were laid off in automobile assembly plants during January. Domestic car production dropped 31.6 percent from year-ago figures. The four major producers built 523,325 cars in January 1980 compared to 764,938 in January 1979. Truck production was down 52.2 percent from last year. February car production is expected to be around 20 percent below last year's level (*Atlanta Constitution*, February 4, 1980). Part of the reason for decreased production is blamed on increased sales of foreign automobiles. Japanese car sales in the U.S. for January were 177,544 units or 22 percent of the total market (*Wall Street Journal*, February 14, 1980). The U.S. Department of Labor has begun an investigation to determine if American automobile workers are entitled to special unemployment benefits due to import competition.

Most of the categories in manufacturing and in nonmanufacturing employment registered losses. Part of the decline is seasonal in nature, particularly in trade and construction, but some of the decline was due to a weakening economy.

## NEW DEVELOPMENTS

### BRITISH FIRM MOVES TO ATLANTA

Rolls-Royce, Limited, a British manufacturer of aircraft engines, opened the company's first U.S.-based engineering office in Atlanta on January 28, 1980. The office, located at 1895 Phoenix Boulevard near Hartsfield International Airport, will employ 40 to 50 engineers. The engineers will improve service and refinements to the Rolls-Royce gas turbine engines used by North American customers. Three Georgia companies, Delta Air Lines, Lockheed-Georgia Company and Gulfstream-American of Savannah, use the engines.

There is a possibility that the company could establish an assembly plant near Marietta. The plant would produce Rolls' Pegasus II engines for the new McDonnell Douglas AV-8B aircraft. The plant would employ around 1,000 people.

### UNIROYAL PLANT CLOSING IN DUBLIN

Uniroyal Incorporated of Oxford, Connecticut, announced the closing of its plant in Dublin, Georgia. The manufacturer of canvas footwear will phase out operations at the Laurens County plant on February 29, 1980. Around 450 people will be laid off because of the closing. A company spokesman said foreign competition lowered the market for domestically produced canvas footwear.

### CLEVELAND SITE FOR FIBER GLASS PLANT

The Clark-Schwebel Fiber Glass Corporation of White Plains, New York, announced plans to build a 96,000-square-foot fiber glass weaving and finishing plant in Cleveland, Georgia. The plant will cost over $6 million to build and is expected to start operations by September. Initial employment is expected to be around 200 people.

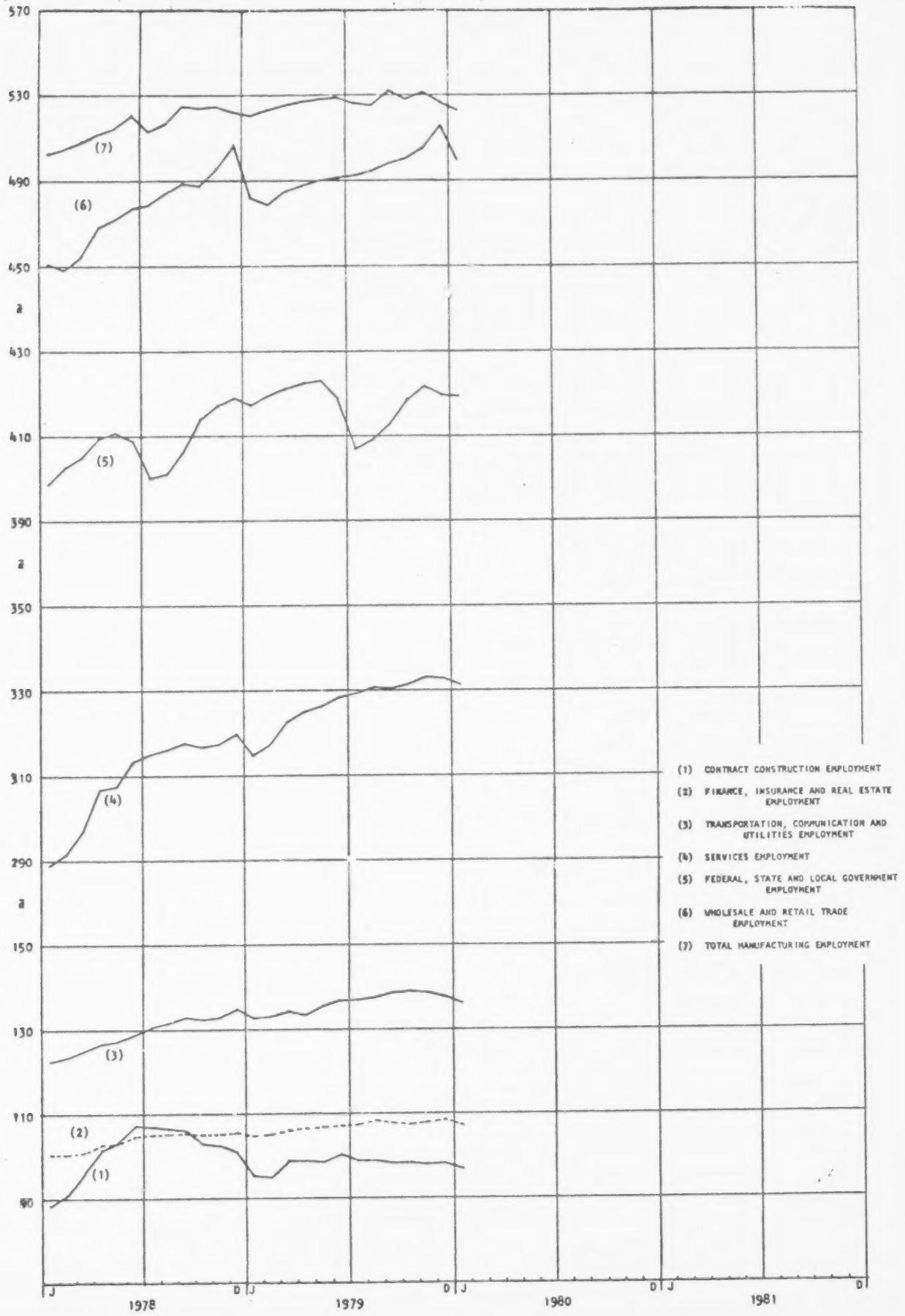
### COMPANY ADDS TWO RETAIL STORES

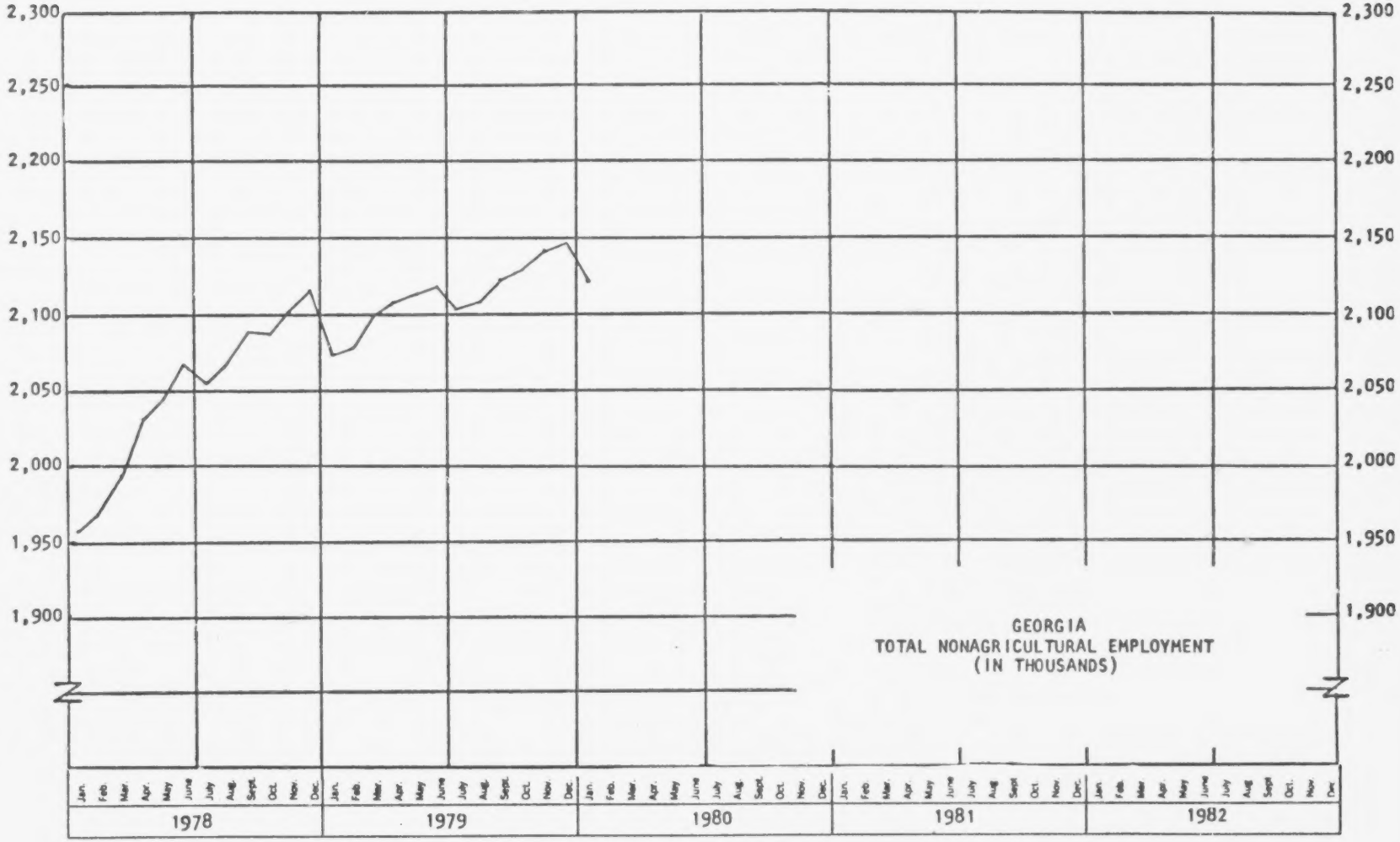
Richway, a subsidiary of Federated Department Stores, Incorporated, of Cincinnati, announced the addition of two retail stores in Cobb and Clarke Counties by autumn of 1980. The Cobb County store will be built at the intersection of Sandy Plains Road and Georgia Highway 5. The Clarke County store will be built at the intersection of Timothy Road and Atlanta Highway in Athens. The Athens site marks the first time Richway has built outside of the metropolitan Atlanta area. Initial employment at each store is expected to be around 250 people.

### EMBARGO TO SOVIET UNION AFFECTS POULTRY INDUSTRY

On January 4, President Carter announced an embargo on agricultural shipments to the Soviet Union as a repercussion against that country's invasion of Afghanistan. Gold Kist, Incorporated, an Atlanta-based farmers' cooperative, had an agreement to send 65,000 metric tons of frozen chicken to Russia before the summer Olympic games. Around 5,000 metric tons of frozen chicken or about 3.7 million chickens were already packaged and awaited shipment to the Soviet Union. The U.S. Department of Agriculture purchased those 5,000 metric tons for use in hospitals, prisons and schools. The Agriculture Department is contemplating purchase of an additional 10,000 metric tons on the open market. The economic impact of the excess supply of chicken reaching the grocery store has lowered prices by approximately 7 cents per pound, according to Harold Ford of the Southeastern Poultry Association.

*Note: Georgia narrative written by Cindy F. Cargill, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.*


570
530
490
450
430
410
390
350
330
310
290
150
130
110
90
(7)
(6)
(5)
(4)
(3)
(2)
(1)
J
D
J
D
J
D
J
D
1978
1979
1980
1981
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT


2,300
2,250
2,200
2,150
2,100
2,050
2,000
1,950
1,900
GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1978
1979
1980
1981
1982

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT | 000000 | 2,121.8 | 2,147.3 | 2,075.7 | 25.5- | 46.1 |
| MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 522.5 | 526.9 | 520.8 | 4.4- | 1.7 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | 181.7 | 184.2 | 180.8 | 2.5- | .9 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | 30.4 | 30.8 | 29.6 | .4- | .8 |
| LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS | 324195 | 15.6 | 15.8 | 15.2 | .2- | .4 |
| FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 325005 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 10.1 | .1 | .4- |
| HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE | 325105 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.5 | .0 | .5- |
| STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 332005 | 18.5 | 18.7 | 17.7 | .2- | .8 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 333005 | 16.6 | 16.7 | 16.1 | .1- | .5 |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 334005 | 21.3 | 21.7 | 21.2 | .4- | .1 |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 335005 | 22.6 | 22.7 | 21.1 | .1- | 1.5 |
| ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT | 336005 | 19.9 | 19.7 | 18.9 | .2 | 1.0 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | 31.4 | 32.7 | 34.5 | 1.3- | 3.1- |
| OTHER DURABLE GOODS | 339915 | 11.3 | 11.8 | 11.7 | .5- | .4- |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | 340.9 | 342.7 | 340.0 | 1.8- | .9 |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | 57.2 | 57.4 | 56.5 | .2- | .7 |
| MEAT PRODUCTS | 420105 | 21.3 | 21.1 | 20.7 | .2 | .6 |
| POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING | 420185 | 15.6 | 15.5 | 15.0 | .1 | .6 |
| DAIRY PRODUCTS | 420205 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.7 | .0 | .1- |
| BAKERY PRODUCTS | 420505 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.1 | .0 | .2 |
| TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 422005 | 121.9 | 122.8 | 122.9 | .9- | 1.0- |
| WEAVING MILLS, COTTON | 422105 | 29.7 | 29.6 | 29.8 | .1 | .1- |
| WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC | 422205 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.0 | .3- | .5- |
| KNITTING MILLS | 422505 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 8.6 | .0 | .5 |
| FLOOR COVERING MILLS | 422705 | 32.5 | 33.3 | 33.5 | .8- | 1.0- |
| YARN AND THREAD MILLS | 422805 | 25.7 | 25.7 | 25.3 | .0 | .4 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 423005 | 74.2 | 74.6 | 74.8 | .4- | .6- |
| MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING | 423175 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 40.4 | .3- | .2- |
| WOMENS AND CHOLDRENS CLOTHING | 423335 | 22.1 | 22.3 | 22.9 | .2- | .8- |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | 27.8 | 28.0 | 27.5 | .2- | .3 |
| PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS | 426135 | 13.3 | 13.5 | 13.4 | .2- | .1- |
| PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES | 426505 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.7 | .0 | .2 |
| PRINTING AND PUBLISHING | 427005 | 23.2 | 23.0 | 22.0 | .2 | 1.2 |
| COMMERCIAL PRINTING | 427505 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 7.9 | .3 | .2 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | 16.7 | 16.6 | 16.0 | .1 | .7 |
| AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS | 428705 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 | .1 | .2 |
| LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS | 431005 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | .1- | .1- |
| OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS | 499915 | 17.5 | 17.9 | 17.8 | .4- | .3- |

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NONMANUFACTURING | 000060 | 1,599.2 | 1,620.4 | 1,554.9 | 21.2- | 44.3 |
| MINING | 100005 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 7.5 | .3- | .0 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 200005 | 96.8 | 98.1 | 95.5 | 1.3- | 1.3 |
| TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC | 500005 | 136.1 | 137.8 | 132.5 | 1.7- | 3.6 |
| TRANSPORTATION | 500015 | 82.0 | 83.1 | 80.1 | 1.1- | 1.9 |
| COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE) | 548005 | 34.2 | 34.7 | 33.2 | .5- | 1.0 |
| ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE | 549005 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 19.2 | .0 | .8 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | 600005 | 499.7 | 515.8 | 482.1 | 16.1- | 17.6 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE | 650005 | 160.6 | 159.7 | 151.3 | .9 | 9.3 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS | 650015 | 100.7 | 98.3 | 91.7 | 2.4 | 9.0 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS | 651005 | 59.8 | 61.4 | 59.6 | 1.6- | .2 |
| RETAIL TRADE | 652005 | 339.1 | 356.1 | 330.8 | 17.0- | 8.3 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE | 700305 | 107.7 | 108.4 | 104.8 | .7- | 2.9 |
| FINANCE | 760025 | 46.5 | 46.2 | 44.6 | .3 | 1.9 |
| INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS | 763045 | 39.2 | 39.6 | 38.8 | .4- | .4 |
| REAL ESTATE | 765375 | 21.9 | 22.6 | 21.4 | .7- | .5 |
| SERVICES | 800005 | 331.7 | 332.7 | 314.7 | 1.0- | 17.0 |
| GOVERNMENT | 998008 | 419.8 | 419.9 | 417.8 | .1- | 2.0 |
| FEDERAL | 998011 | 79.9 | 80.9 | 81.6 | 1.0- | 1.7- |
| STATE AND LOCAL | 998509 | 339.9 | 338.9 | 336.2 | 1.0 | 3.7 |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 405.8 | 409.0 | 408.0 | 3.2- | 2.2- |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | 138.1 | 140.0 | 139.3 | 1.9- | 1.2- |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | 267.7 | 269.0 | 268.7 | 1.3- | 1.0- |
| SELECTED INDUSTRIES: | | | | | | |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.4 | .3- | .2 |
| TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 422005 | 103.9 | 104.7 | 104.7 | .8- | .8- |
| WEAVING MILLS, COTTON | 422105 | 26.6 | 26.5 | 26.8 | .1 | .2- |
| WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS | 422205 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.3 | .2- | .4- |
| KNITTING MILLS | 422505 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.0 | .1 | .6 |
| FLOOR COVERING MILLS | 422705 | 27.9 | 28.5 | 28.4 | .6- | .5- |
| YARN AND THREAD MILLS | 422805 | 22.3 | 22.4 | 22.1 | .1- | .2 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 423005 | 63.1 | 63.3 | 63.8 | .2- | .7- |
| MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING | 423175 | 34.4 | 34.8 | 35.3 | .4- | .9- |
| WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING | 423335 | 18.3 | 18.1 | 18.9 | .2 | .6- |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | 24.7 | 24.7 | 24.5 | .0 | .2 |
| FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 325005 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 9.0 | .0 | .3- |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | 21.7 | 21.7 | 21.7 | .0 | .0 |
| PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS | 426135 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 10.4 | .1- | .1- |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.7 | .1 | .3 |
| LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS | 431005 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 | .1- | .0 |
| STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 332005 | 14.8 | 14.9 | 14.1 | .1- | .7 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 333005 | 12.2 | 12.2 | 11.7 | .0 | .5 |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 334005 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 17.1 | .3- | .1 |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 335005 | 15.9 | 15.9 | 14.9 | .0 | 1.0 |
| ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT | 336005 | 13.5 | 12.8 | 12.3 | .7 | 1.2 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | 21.8 | 23.3 | 25.6 | 1.5- | 3.8- |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY — MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING | | | AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS | | | AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | CUR MO JAN 80 | PRV MO DEC 79 | CM YA JAN 79 | CUR MO JAN 80 | PRV MO DEC 79 | CM YA JAN 79 | CUR MO JAN 80 | PRV MO DEC 79 | CM YA JAN 79 |
| TOTAL MANUFACTURING | 300005 | $222.86 | $220.04 | $200.70 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 39.2 | $5.53 | $5.46 | $5.12 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | $244.02 | $238.16 | $218.12 | 40.4 | 39.3 | 38.0 | $6.04 | $6.06 | $5.74 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | $212.38 | $210.53 | $191.92 | 40.3 | 40.8 | 39.9 | $5.27 | $5.16 | $4.81 |
| SELECTED INDUSTRIES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | $222.05 | $214.09 | $191.00 | 40.3 | 39.5 | 38.9 | $5.51 | $5.42 | $4.91 |
| TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 422305 | $196.65 | $202.92 | $185.12 | 41.4 | 42.9 | 41.6 | $4.75 | $4.73 | $4.45 |
| WEAVING MILLS, COTTON | 422105 | $218.06 | $219.73 | $200.07 | 43.7 | 44.3 | 43.4 | $4.99 | $4.96 | $4.61 |
| WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS | 422205 | $224.62 | $234.90 | $194.32 | 43.7 | 45.7 | 41.7 | $5.14 | $5.14 | $4.66 |
| KNITTING MILLS | 422505 | $161.95 | $184.16 | $166.87 | 41.0 | 47.1 | 41.1 | $3.95 | $3.91 | $4.06 |
| FLOOR COVERING MILLS | 422705 | $177.72 | $190.87 | $167.74 | 40.3 | 42.7 | 39.1 | $4.41 | $4.47 | $4.29 |
| YARN AND THREAD MILLS | 422805 | $193.95 | $186.52 | $176.95 | 39.5 | 38.3 | 40.4 | $4.91 | $4.87 | $4.38 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 423005 | $148.15 | $143.17 | $133.10 | 36.4 | 36.9 | 35.4 | $4.07 | $3.88 | $3.76 |
| MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING | 423175 | $145.71 | $140.56 | $135.26 | 35.8 | 36.7 | 35.5 | $4.07 | $3.83 | $3.81 |
| WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING | 423335 | $149.97 | $134.06 | $127.94 | 36.4 | 34.2 | 34.3 | $4.12 | $3.92 | $3.73 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | $171.74 | $156.28 | $145.48 | 39.3 | 36.6 | 36.1 | $4.37 | $4.27 | $4.03 |
| FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 325005 | $187.12 | $177.74 | $163.33 | 37.2 | 36.2 | 34.9 | $5.03 | $4.91 | $4.68 |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426305 | $366.64 | $346.48 | $314.46 | 43.7 | 42.1 | 42.9 | $8.39 | $8.23 | $7.33 |
| PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS | 426135 | $414.94 | $394.27 | $349.36 | 45.9 | 44.4 | 44.0 | $9.04 | $8.88 | $7.94 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | $281.40 | $287.11 | $266.36 | 43.9 | 43.9 | 44.1 | $6.41 | $6.54 | $6.04 |
| LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS | 431005 | $130.64 | $173.30 | $159.75 | 36.8 | 49.8 | 45.0 | $3.55 | $3.48 | $3.55 |
| STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 332005 | $245.67 | $239.98 | $198.24 | 43.1 | 42.4 | 39.1 | $5.70 | $5.66 | $5.07 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 333005 | $289.54 | $280.67 | $284.00 | 41.6 | 40.5 | 42.9 | $6.96 | $6.93 | $6.62 |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 334005 | $261.97 | $251.69 | $219.40 | 43.3 | 42.3 | 38.9 | $6.05 | $5.95 | $5.64 |
| MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 339005 | $241.01 | $234.21 | $207.21 | 38.5 | 37.0 | 36.1 | $6.26 | $6.33 | $5.74 |
| ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT | 336005 | $225.03 | $247.19 | $236.18 | 40.4 | 44.3 | 42.1 | $5.57 | $5.58 | $5.61 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | $338.63 | $334.80 | $304.51 | 38.7 | 37.2 | 36.6 | $8.75 | $9.00 | $8.32 |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JAN 80 — MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA — CURR MO= JAN 80 — PREV MO= DEC 79 — CURR MO YR AGO= JAN 79

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | ACCESSION RATES TOTAL CURR | TOTAL PREV | TOTAL CHYA | NEW HIRE CURR | NEW HIRE PREV | NEW HIRE CHYA | RECALLS CURR | RECALLS PREV | RECALLS CHYA | SEPARATION RATES TOTAL CURR | TOTAL PREV | TOTAL CHYA | QUITS CURR | QUITS PREV | QUITS CHYA | LAYOFFS CURR | LAYOFFS PREV | LAYOFFS CHYA |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ALL MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 3.8 | 1.8 | 4.1 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 3.2 | .6 | .3 | .5 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 2.3 | .9 | .5 | .7 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 2.7 | .6 | .2 | .3 | 3.9 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 1.3 | .7 | 1.6 | 1.9 | .3 | .5 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | 4.2 | 2.0 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 3.4 | .6 | .3 | .6 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.6 | .5 | .5 | .8 |
| SELECTED INDUSTRIES: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 5.9 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 4.2 | .4 | .4 | 1.0 | 5.1 | 3.6 | 5.6 | 2.8 | 1.9 | 3.1 | .9 | .8 | 1.6 |
| TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 422005 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 3.1 | .4 | .1 | .2 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 4.1 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 2.4 | .3 | .2 | .8 |
| WEAVING MILLS, COTTON | 422105 | 4.3 | 2.7 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 3.1 | .2 | .1 | .4 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 5.3 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.8 | .1 | .1 | 1.2 |
| WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC | 422205 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 3.5 | .0 | .0 | .2 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 2.9 | .0 | .2 | .1 |
| KNITTING MILL | 422505 | 6.1 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 5.2 | 1.9 | 1.7 | .8 | .2 | .7 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 5.4 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 2.4 | .1 | .0 | 2.7 |
| FLOOR COVERING MILLS | 422705 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 3.3 | .1 | .1 | .1 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.3 | .7 | .0 | .5 |
| YARN AND THREAD MILLS | 422805 | 3.7 | 1.6 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 2.9 | .9 | .1 | .1 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 2.4 | .0 | .5 | .1 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC | 423005 | 5.3 | 2.0 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 1.3 | 4.4 | .7 | .5 | .5 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 3.6 | .7 | .6 | .7 |
| MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING | 423175 | 4.9 | 1.8 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 3.7 | .7 | .4 | .7 | 4.7 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 3.2 | .6 | .2 | .5 |
| WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING | 423335 | 6.3 | 2.2 | 6.3 | 4.8 | 1.1 | 5.8 | 1.2 | .9 | .3 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 6.1 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 4.6 | .9 | .9 | .8 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | 4.5 | 2.3 | 5.5 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 5.4 | 1.3 | .8 | .1 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 5.0 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 3.5 | .4 | 1.1 | .2 |
| FURNITURE & FIXTURES | 325005 | 5.8 | 2.4 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 2.1 | 4.2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | 8.1 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 2.9 | .1 | .9 |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.9 | .9 | .4 | 1.0 | 1.0 | .7 | .7 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.7 | .9 | .6 | .8 | .7 | 1.0 | .4 |
| PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS | 426135 | .7 | 1.4 | .8 | .4 | .2 | .4 | .2 | 1.2 | .3 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 1.6 | .7 | .7 | .5 | 1.3 | 1.8 | .6 |
| PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE | 426505 | 2.2 | .8 | 2.4 | 1.9 | .6 | 1.6 | .0 | .0 | .5 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.8 | .9 | .5 | 1.3 | .2 | .0 | .0 |
| PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN | 427005 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 8.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 6.0 | 1.3 | .6 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 4.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 | .4 |
| CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 2.4 | .1 | .1 | .5 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.1 | .8 | 1.1 | .0 | .0 | .1 |
| LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS | 431005 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 5.0 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 2.9 | .1 | .4 | 2.1 | 7.6 | 3.5 | 6.1 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 332005 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 3.1 | .2 | .2 | .3 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 3.7 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 2.4 | .3 | .0 | .4 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 333005 | 1.2 | .8 | .9 | .9 | .7 | .8 | .0 | .0 | .0 | 1.1 | .6 | .7 | .6 | .2 | .3 | .1 | .1 | .0 |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 334005 | 3.6 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 1.3 | .6 | .8 | 4.2 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 1.6 | .5 | .9 |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 335005 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 3.1 | .6 | .2 | .3 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.0 | .7 | 1.2 | .1 | .6 | .1 |
| ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN | 336005 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 3.8 | .3 | .1 | .2 | 4.3 | 1.5 | 3.0 | .7 | .7 | 1.0 | 2.7 | .2 | .8 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | 2.0 | .8 | 2.2 | .9 | .7 | 1.5 | .8 | .0 | .3 | 4.0 | .5 | 2.6 | .5 | .4 | 1.1 | 2.9 | .0 | .8 |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees

## SEASONAL DOWNTURN IN JANUARY EMPLOYMENT IN ATLANTA

The decrease of 15,100 jobs in January from December in the Atlanta area was primarily due to post-holiday layoffs in the trade and service industries. Approximately 78 percent of the reduced employment can be attributed to the post-seasonal adjustment. Despite the decline, total nonfarm employment, estimated at 933,400, remained 25,500 above the year ago level.

### TEMPORARY PLANT SHUTDOWN REDUCES MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

Manufacturing, at 139,600, fell 2,500 from December. Both durable and nondurable goods industries recorded losses. Transportation equipment production cut-backs with the temporary partial shutdown of one automobile assembly plant contributed the major decrement in durable goods. Most of the decline in nondurables was confined to the food products industries and was an accumulation of very small losses throughout the industry group except for meat products.

Manufacturing over the year rose 500 with the gains in nondurable goods industries more than overcoming the 600 drop in durable goods. Transportation equipment in the durable goods sector, down 2,400 from last year, more than offset substantial gains in electric and electronic equipment and machinery, except electrical. Printing and publishing and textile mill products were the main contributors to the 1,000 increment in the nondurable goods sector.

### SEASONAL DECLINES IN NONMANUFACTURING

Nonmanufacturing employment fell 12,500 from the December level to an estimated 793,900 for January. All major industry divisions except government registered losses. Trade dropped 9,600 and was confined to the retail sector, reflecting the normal seasonal declines. Service industries, down 2,100, had losses in nearly all segments, with hotels, business services, private eduction and membership organizations having the greater decrements. Finance, insurance and real estate, down 700, sustained losses in insurance and real estate more than offsettting a 500 gain in banking. Transportation, communications and public utilities, down 600, had minor losses in motor freight and warehousing and air transportation. Heavy construction contributed to the 300 loss in construction industries. State and local education gains raised government employment by 700.

From January 1979, nonmanufacturing rose 25,100. All major industrial categories recorded over-the-year gains with services, trade, and transportation and public utilities having the greater increments.

## NEW DEVELOPMENTS

### OFFICE/HOTEL/APARTMENT COMPLEX FOR SANDY SPRINGS

A $70-million, 189-acre office/hotel/apartment complex in Sandy Springs is being planned by an Atlanta development firm. The planned site is the northwest quadrant of the intersection of Abernathy Road and Georgia 400 Highway.

The total project is planned to include about one million square feet of office space, approximately 450 apartment units, a 300-room hotel and retail space. The project is to take about 10 years to complete.

### OFFICE PARK TO BE BURIED

Two Atlanta firms, D. F. Industries and Energy Efficient, Incorporated, have revealed plans to build a $6.5 million complex underground on a 36-acre site off Georgia 400 Highway in the southern section of Forsyth County. This energy-efficient, totally passive, earth sheltered underground office and industrial park will be the first of its kind in the world.

*Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.*

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT | 000000 | 933.4 | 948.5 | 907.9 | 15.1- | 25.5 |
| MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 139.6 | 142.1 | 139.1 | 2.5- | .5 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | 68.1 | 70.2 | 68.7 | 2.1- | .6- |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.4 | .1- | .2- |
| FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 325005 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 | .0 | .2- |
| HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE | 325105 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.2 | .1- | .3- |
| STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 332005 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.0 | .1- | .4 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 333005 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.9 | .0 | .0 |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 334005 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.1 | .3- | .3- |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 335005 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.3 | .0 | .8 |
| ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT | 336005 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 8.7 | .1 | 1.3 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | 21.1 | 22.6 | 23.5 | 1.5- | 2.4- |
| OTHER DURABLE GOODS | 399915 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | .1- | .1- |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | 71.4 | 71.9 | 70.4 | .5- | 1.0 |
| FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | 18.9 | 19.3 | 18.7 | .4- | .2 |
| MEAT PRODUCTS | 420105 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.0 | .1 | .4 |
| BAKERY PRODUCTS | 420505 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.5 | .0 | .2- |
| TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 422005 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.1 | .2- | .4 |
| WEAVING MILLS, COTTON | 422105 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.9 | .1- | .2 |
| YARN AND THREAD MILLS | 422805 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | .0 | .1 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 423005 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 10.2 | .1- | .1- |
| MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING | 423175 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 1- | .3- |
| WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING | 423335 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | .1- | .0 |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.6 | .1 | .2 |
| PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES | 426505 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | .0 | .0 |
| PRINTING AND PUBLISHING | 427005 | 15.0 | 14.8 | 14.4 | .2 | .6 |
| COMMERCIAL PRINTING | 427505 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.0 | .1 | .1 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | .0 | .0 |
| OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS | 499915 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.5 | .1- | .2- |
| NONMANUFACTURING | 000060 | 793.9 | 806.4 | 768.8 | 12.5- | 25.1 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 200005 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 38.0 | .3- | 1.4 |
| TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC | 500005 | 85.4 | 86.0 | 80.8 | .6- | 4.6 |
| TRANSPORTATION | 500015 | 56.6 | 57.0 | 53.4 | .4- | 3.2 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | 600005 | 259.7 | 269.3 | 253.1 | 9.6- | 6.6 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE | 650005 | 104.7 | 104.1 | 96.4 | .6 | 8.3 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS | 650015 | 71.5 | 70.3 | 64.3 | 1.2 | 7.2 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS | 651305 | 33.2 | 33.8 | 32.1 | .6- | 1.1 |
| RETAIL TRADE | 652005 | 154.9 | 165.2 | 156.7 | 10.3- | 1.8- |

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980 — MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE | 700005 | 63.4 | 64.1 | 61.9 | .7- | 1.5 |
| FINANCE | 760025 | 23.7 | 23.4 | 22.7 | .3 | 1.0 |
| INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS | 763045 | 24.9 | 25.3 | 24.6 | .4- | .3 |
| SERVICES | 800055 | 188.0 | 190.1 | 179.2 | 2.1- | 8.8 |
| GOVERNMENT | 998008 | 158.1 | 157.4 | 155.8 | .7 | 2.3 |
| FEDERAL | 998011 | 30.1 | 30.4 | 30.9 | .3- | .8- |
| STATE AND LOCAL | 998509 | 128.1 | 127.0 | 124.9 | 1.1 | 3.2 |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980 — MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 96.8 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 2.3- | 2.3- |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | 47.5 | 49.7 | 50.1 | 2.2- | 2.6- |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | 49.3 | 49.5 | 49.0 | .2- | .3 |
| SELECTED INDUSTRIES: | | | | | | |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | 11.4 | 11.6 | 11.3 | .2- | .1 |
| TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 422005 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.1 | .1- | .3 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 423005 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.6 | .1 | .2- |
| MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING | 423175 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.1 | .1 | .2- |
| WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING | 423335 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | .0 | .0 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.9 | .1- | .3- |
| FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 325005 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.0 | .1- | .3- |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 | .1 | .1 |
| PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES | 426505 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | .0 | .0 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | .1 | .1- |
| STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 332005 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.0 | .0 | .4 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 333005 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.2 | .0 | .2 |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 334005 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 6.3 | .4- | .6- |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 335005 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.1 | .0 | .5 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | 14.4 | 16.1 | 17.4 | 1.7- | 3.0- |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY — MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO JAN 80 | AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING PRV MO DEC 79 | AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CM YA JAN 79 | AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO JAN 80 | AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PRV MO DEC 79 | AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CM YA JAN 79 | AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO JAN 80 | AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING PRV MO DEC 79 | AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CM YA JAN 79 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL MANUFACTURING | 300005 | $254.02 | $247.92 | $225.98 | 39.2 | 38.2 | 37.6 | $6.48 | $6.49 | $6.01 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | $277.15 | $278.54 | $256.25 | 38.6 | 38.0 | 37.3 | $7.18 | $7.33 | $6.87 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | $231.05 | $217.91 | $195.19 | 39.7 | 38.5 | 37.9 | $5.82 | $5.66 | $5.15 |
| SELECTED INDUSTRIES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | $214.97 | $179.71 | $180.07 | 39.3 | 34.1 | 36.9 | $5.47 | $5.27 | $4.88 |
| TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 422005 | $188.33 | $183.61 | $161.14 | 39.9 | 38.9 | 37.3 | $4.72 | $4.72 | $4.32 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 423005 | $165.04 | $160.00 | $150.40 | 34.1 | 36.2 | 37.6 | $4.84 | $4.42 | $4.00 |
| MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING | 423175 | $169.63 | $157.88 | $156.71 | 34.2 | 35.4 | 37.4 | $4.96 | $4.46 | $4.19 |
| WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING | 423335 | $166.15 | $164.98 | $153.27 | 32.2 | 36.1 | 39.1 | $5.16 | $4.57 | $3.92 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | $187.04 | $147.70 | $138.57 | 42.8 | 35.0 | 34.3 | $4.37 | $4.22 | $4.04 |
| FURNITURE & FIXTURES | 325005 | $224.78 | $176.58 | $186.45 | 40.5 | 32.4 | 34.4 | $5.55 | $5.45 | $5.42 |
| PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | $304.01 | $303.45 | $268.16 | 43.0 | 42.8 | 41.9 | $7.07 | $7.09 | $6.40 |
| PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES | 426505 | $291.71 | $284.60 | $268.46 | 43.8 | 42.1 | 44.3 | $6.66 | $6.76 | $6.06 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | $241.56 | $258.26 | $239.48 | 39.6 | 42.9 | 43.7 | $6.10 | $6.02 | $5.48 |
| STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 332005 | $235.00 | $251.62 | $216.94 | 41.3 | 45.5 | 41.4 | $5.69 | $5.53 | $5.24 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 333005 | $377.15 | $375.36 | $356.50 | 43.5 | 42.8 | 42.9 | $8.67 | $8.77 | $8.31 |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 334005 | $233.06 | $234.04 | $218.27 | 35.1 | 35.3 | 35.9 | $6.64 | $6.63 | $6.08 |
| MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 335005 | $214.70 | $208.46 | $213.79 | 37.6 | 36.7 | 40.8 | $5.71 | $5.68 | $5.24 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | $371.80 | $380.85 | $328.65 | 37.9 | 38.2 | 35.0 | $9.81 | $9.97 | $9.39 |

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JAN 80 — MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= JAN 80 PREV MO= DEC 79 CURR MO YR AGO= JAN 79

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | ACCESSION RATES TOTAL CURR | TOTAL PREV | TOTAL CMYA | NEW HIRE CURR | NEW HIRE PREV | NEW HIRE CMYA | RECALLS CURR | RECALLS PREV | RECALLS CMYA | SEPARATION RATES TOTAL CURR | TOTAL PREV | TOTAL CMYA | QUITS CURR | QUITS PREV | QUITS CMYA | LAYOFFS CURR | LAYOFFS PREV | LAYOFFS CMYA |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ALL MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 2.5 | .7 | .3 | .4 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 1.1 | .9 | 1.4 | 1.6 | .5 | .7 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300075 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.9 | .7 | .2 | .4 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 2.7 | .7 | .6 | 1.0 | 2.3 | .0 | .9 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400095 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 3.1 | .7 | .5 | .5 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.0 | .8 | 1.1 | .5 |
| SELECTED INDUSTRIES: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.8 | .4 | .5 | 1.3 | .6 | .2 | .2 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 3.0 | .9 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 1.0 |
| TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 422005 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 6.0 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 5.1 | .5 | .0 | .7 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.3 | .1 | .0 | .2 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC | 423005 | 7.3 | 4.3 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 2.1 | 5.7 | .1 | 1.9 | .5 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 3.2 | .5 | 1.7 | .7 |
| FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 325005 | .3 | .6 | 2.5 | .3 | .5 | 1.9 | .0 | .0 | .3 | .4 | .8 | 3.1 | .3 | .5 | .6 | .0 | .0 | 2.1 |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | 4.2 | .8 | 3.0 | 2.0 | .5 | 1.8 | 1.8 | .3 | 1.0 | 1.9 | .9 | 1.9 | 1.4 | .4 | 1.2 | .0 | .1 | .2 |
| PRINTING AND PUBLISHING | 427005 | 2.2 | .5 | 3.3 | 1.5 | .3 | 3.1 | .7 | .2 | .0 | 2.9 | .5 | 2.2 | 1.4 | .2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | .2 | .5 |
| CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.8 | .1 | .1 | .1 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 2.0 | .0 | .1 | .0 |
| PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 333005 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | .8 | .9 | .9 | .0 | .0 | .0 | .6 | .6 | .6 | .3 | .2 | .3 | .1 | .1 | .0 |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 335005 | 4.2 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 2.9 | 2.1 | .3 | .3 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | .8 | .6 | 1.3 | .3 | .2 | .1 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | 1.4 | .6 | 1.3 | .4 | .4 | .6 | .6 | .0 | .2 | 4.7 | .3 | 2.6 | .5 | .2 | .6 | 3.7 | .0 | 1.2 |

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

## TRADE DECLINES IN ALBANY

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, in the Albany area was estimated at 45,200 in January. This represented a small decline of 100 for the month and a gain of 1,900 over the year. Most of the monthly decrement was in the trade category. Over the year, the largest gains were recorded in manufacturing, service, and the government sectors.

Manufacturing, at 11,400, was unchanged over the month and up 1,300 for the year. Yearly gains were recorded in almost all manufacturing segments, with the largest increment in the "other nondurable goods" segment. The yearly gains were primarily due to new and expanding industry during the period.

Contract construction, at 3,300, was unchanged over the month and down 1,000 for the year. Several industrial construction projects are now either complete or nearing completion, causing much of the decline in the industry. Construction is continuing on an addition to the county hospital, but the construction date is not available at this time. Residential construction is very slow at present but may pick up due to a large increase in demand and reported declines in prices for building materials.

The trade division, at 9,800, was down 200 over the month and showed an increase of 200 for the year. The monthly decline was primarily due to the return of department and other retail stores to regular staffing patterns following the Christmas season. A small gain was recorded in the wholesale portion of the trade division over the month.

All other nonmanufacturing divisions were basically unchanged over the month. Over the year, gains were recorded in the transportation, communications and utilities division as well as in services and government.

The outlook for the coming months calls for increased employment in manufacturing for the area. Also, in the service division, an acute shortage of registered nurses appears to exist.

*Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176*

## FOOD EMPLOYMENT GAINS IN AUGUSTA

Employment in the Augusta area declined to 122,400, representing a loss of 500 jobs over the month. This decrement was attributable to less business in construction, trade, and services and mining. A small increase in government partially offset this decrease. Annually, an increment of 2,900 jobs was recorded. All major industry divisions shared in the upturn except construction which remained unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 36,500, was unchanged over the month. A moderate gain of 100 was reported in food and kindred products, resulting from increased business in bakeries and meat processors. A decline of 100 was reported in apparel as inventories remained high with relatively low demand. "Other nondurable goods" also recorded a moderate decline with less activity in chemicals, primarily.

Annually, manufacturing rose 500. Stone, clay and glass products recorded an increase of 100 attributable to more business among manufacturers of glass. "Other durables" rose 200 as a result of more activity in surgical supplies and transportation equipment. Food and kindred products was up 100, resulting from more activity among bakeries and meat processing establishments. Textiles dropped 200 as the economic squeeze tightened, aided and abetted by unrestricted imports. "Other nondurables" climbed 200 due to more activity in paper, chemicals and plastics.

Construction, at 6,300, dropped 200, precipitated by inclement weather, but remained essentially unchanged over the year. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, remained unchanged but increased 200 over the year, with more activity in motor freight, warehousing and storage. Trade, at 23,800 dropped 200 over the month, triggered by the usual after-Christmas layoffs. This division rose 800 over the year with the opening of new firms perpetrating the increase. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,600, remained unchanged over the month but rose 100 over the year, with scattered gains through most of the division. Services and mining, at 15,900, dropped 100 over the month, with less activity in hotels, mining, and cleaning and protective services, triggered by tighter money and cautious hiring for replacement. This division recorded an annual increase of 400 over the year, precipitated by the opening of new firms. Government, at 30,900, rose 100 over the month, resulting from more business in hospitals and public health programs. This division increased 1,000 over the year, with more activity in both the federal and state and local government subdivisions.

## OUTLOOK

Employment will drop in trade through February and possibly March, but with the advent of the annual Masters Tournament, will rise again, together with services, for that week at least. Construction, beset by tight money, high interest rates and some inclement weather, will fluctuate uncertainly. There is good news in the building of multiple occupancy units (hopefully affordable for the young couple) and the anticipation of the start-up of construction of both Kimberly Clark Corporation's facility and the erection of the new facility for Riegel in Aiken County. The indefinite plans of W. F. Hall need no speculation, and perhaps an announcement of specific plans will be forthcoming soon. The erection of the new State Penal Hospital institution in Richmond County at the Columbia County line will last approximately 24 to 30 months, and as soon as the ground dries enough and the weather warms a little, progress will be hastened. Energy supplies and costs remain the key to the economic situation and the virtual consumer survival of individuals in this area. Alternate sources at reasonable costs must be researched, developed and produced with no delay by bureaucratic encumbrances. In my opinion, restoration of the oil depletion allowance, together with a built-in consumer price index factor, would certainly have been better than the deregulation and taxation, both of which are big burdens to the consumer. The revolt of consumers and taxpayers may come sooner than economists expect.

*Note. Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131*

## NONMANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT DROPS IN COLUMBUS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 82,600, declined 900 from the December estimate. Manufacturing employment dropped 200 from one month ago, while nonmanufacturing employment lost 600. Employment gained 1,200 from January 1979. Nonmanufacturing advanced 1,100 over the year, and manufacturing increased 100 during this period of time.

Manufacturing employment, at 21,500, reflected a loss of 200 from December, with all groups remaining the same except the stone, clay and glass products group, which experienced the loss. Lumber and wood products and "other nondurable goods" remained the same over the year,while all other groups revealed increases except stone, clay and glass products, "other durable goods," and apparel and other finished textile products, which indicated losses.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 61,100, declined by 600 from last month's estimate. A gain of 1,100 was noted from January 1979 when 60,000 were employed. Contract construction employment, at 3,700, was the same as December's estimate and was 400 below last year's figure. Transportation, communication and public utilities employment, at 3,400, was down 100 from the December estimate and was unchanged from one year ago. Trade employment dropped 500 from last month to a total of 16,800. This decline in employment was caused by the laying off of extra help hired for the Christmas shopping season. Finance, insurance and real estate employment, at 5,200, remained unchanged from one month ago. An advance of 100 was noted from a year earlier. The services sector, with employment of 11,500, was the same as December and was 700 more than one year ago. Government employment declined 100 from a month ago, due to a loss in the federal sector, and gained 1,400 over the year due to increases in state and federal government. Annually, federal employment dropped by 100 workers.

*Note. Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423*

## MACON RECORDS LOSSES IN NONMANUFACTURING

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,400 in January. The current preliminary estimate is down 800 from December and up 400 from January 1979. During the month, manufacturing declined 100 with a loss in durable goods. Nondurable goods was unchanged. Nonmanufacturing fell 700 with losses in transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, trade, finance, insurance and real estate, and services. Construction gained 100, with government remaining unchanged.

Annually manufacturing increased 600, with a drop in durable goods partially offsetting a rise in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing declined 200, with losses in finance, insurance and real estate, and government. Trade and services advanced over the year, and construction and transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services were unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 16,100, was down 100 from last month and up 600 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods fell 100, with a decline in stone, clay and glass products. Lumber and wood, non-electrical machinery, and "other durable goods" were unchanged. Nondurable goods was unchanged, with a gain in food being offset by a decrease in "other nondurable goods." All other segments were unchanged. Annually, durable goods was down 100, with losses in lumber and wood products, and stone, clay and glass products. "Other durable goods" rose 100, and non-electrical machinery was unchanged. Nondurable goods increased 700, with gains in food, textiles and apparel. Paper declined slightly, and chemicals and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged.

Construction, at 4,300, was up 100 from December and unchanged from a year ago. During the month, general construction was down, heavy construction was unchanged, and special trades construction advanced. Transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,700, was down 100 from last month and unchanged from January 1979. Most of the monthly decline was in transportation. Trade, at 20,400, was down 400 from December and up 200 from January 1979. Most of the monthly decline was in transportation. Trade at 20,400, was down 400 from December and up 200 from January 1979. Most of the monthly decline was due to the release of temporary help hired for the Christmas season. Annually, most of the increase was in retail trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was down 100 from last month and down 100 from a year ago. Most of the decline in all reporting periods was in insurance. Services, at 15,900, was down 100 from last month and up 300 from January 1979. Most of the loss during the month was in covered services. Annually, mining and private education accounted for most of the gain. Government, at 28,400, was unchanged from December and down 600 from a year ago. Annually, the federal segment fell 100, and the state and local segment declined 500. Most of the state and local loss was due to a cutback in the federally funded CETA Program.

*Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6167.*

## THE CONSUMER RETREAT

Employment in the nonagricultural wage and salary sector in the Savannah area dropped approximately 900 from December 1979 and 800 from January of 1979. Over the year, transportation equipment and contract construction each declined by 500 or more. Both of these sectors are vulnerable in period of high inflation. It is doubtful whether construction will be or can be turned around in the upcoming year. In all probability, employment will decline even further in this sector. Transportation equipment is in a very "iffy" situation. Should deregulation of the trucking industry occur, orders for new trucks would initially go up and therefore result in increased employment. Should military spending on ships filter down to Savannah, we may see an increase in transportation equipment. Aircraft may or may not experience trouble. Should the military preempt scarce aluminum and electronic resources to build military aircraft, our local industry might face supply problems.

For the past year, economists have been telling us of the coming of the consumer retreat. However, the consumer retreat never really materialized. The consumer cut his rate of savings to an all-time low while, at the same time, he increased his debt level to an all-time high. These facts alone would have indicated a consumer retreat, but the retreat never came. Now the retreat may be forced on the consumer through a combination of higher inflation and a cutback in consumer product production. If the military procurement plans are serious, certain adjustments are going to have to be made in the economy. First, there is a critical shortage of skilled help in the economy; however, should the military economy start expanding, it will have to be done at the expense of the consumer economy. Second, there is a shortage of materials and plant capacity to accommodate both the consumer and military economies. The military economy can expand only at the expense of the consumer economy, making fewer consumer products available. Third, the military economy generates dollars for consumers but not consumer products. With fewer consumer products being produced and more consumer dollars going after these fewer products, two options become available - rationing or inflation.

*Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.*

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT | 000000 | 45.2 | 45.3 | 43.3 | .1- | 1.9 |
| MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 10.1 | .0 | 1.3 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 | .1 | .2 |
| PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH | 333055 | 1.0 | 1.0 | .7 | .0 | .3 |
| OTHER DURABLE GOODS | 399915 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | .0 | .0 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 8.2 | .0 | 1.1 |
| FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 1.7 | .1- | .5 |
| TEXTILES & APPAREL | 422015 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | .0 | .0 |
| CHEMICALS | 428005 | .5 | .5 | .5 | .0 | .0 |
| OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS | 499915 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.3 | .0 | .5 |
| NONMANUFACTURING | 000060 | 33.8 | 33.9 | 33.2 | .1- | .6 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 200005 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 4.3 | .0 | 1.0- |
| TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES | 500005 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.9 | .0 | .2 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | 600005 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 9.6 | .2- | .2 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE | 650005 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.9 | .1 | .4 |
| RETAIL TRADE | 652005 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 6.6 | .4- | .1- |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE | 700005 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | .0 | .1 |
| SERVICES AND MINING | 800055 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 5.9 | .0 | .5 |
| GOVERNMENT | 998008 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 9.6 | .0 | .5 |
| FEDERAL | 998311 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | .0 | .0 |
| STATE AND LOCAL | 998509 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 6.8 | .0 | .5 |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT | 000005 | 122.4 | 122.9 | 119.5 | .5- | 2.9 |
| MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 36.5 | 36.5 | 36.0 | .0 | .5 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.4 | .0 | .3 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | .7 | .7 | .7 | .0 | .0 |
| STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 332005 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | .0 | .1 |
| PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY | 333055 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | .0 | .0 |
| OTHER DURABLE GOODS | 399915 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | .0 | .2 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.6 | .0 | .2 |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | .1 | .1 |
| TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 422005 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.5 | .0 | .2- |
| APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 423005 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | .1- | .0 |
| PRINTING AND PUBLISHING | 427005 | .7 | .7 | .7 | .0 | .0 |
| OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS | 499915 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 10.3 | .1- | .2 |
| NONMANUFACTURING | 000060 | 85.9 | 86.4 | 83.5 | .5- | 2.4 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 200005 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.3 | .2- | .0 |
| TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC | 500005 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.2 | .0 | .2 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | 600005 | 23.8 | 24.0 | 23.0 | .2- | .8 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE | 650005 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.2 | .0 | .3 |
| RETAIL TRADE | 652005 | 19.2 | 19.5 | 18.8 | .3- | .4 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE | 700005 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | .0 | .1 |
| SERVICES AND MINING | 800055 | 15.9 | 16.0 | 15.5 | .1- | .4 |
| GOVERNMENT | 998008 | 30.9 | 30.8 | 29.9 | .1 | 1.0 |
| FEDERAL | 998011 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.5 | .0 | .3 |
| STATE AND LOCAL | 998509 | 24.0 | 24.0 | 23.5 | .0 | .5 |

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration. Based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1975 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT | 000000 | 82.6 | 83.5 | 81.4 | .9- | 1.2 |
| MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 21.5 | 21.7 | 21.4 | .2- | .1 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.7 | .2- | .0 |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | .6 | .6 | .6 | .0 | .0 |
| STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 332005 | .4 | .5 | .6 | .1- | .2- |
| PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY | 333055 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.2 | .0 | .3 |
| OTHER DURABLE GOODS | 399915 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .0 | .1- |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.7 | .0 | .1 |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | .0 | .1 |
| TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS | 422005 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.3 | .0 | .1 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 423005 | .8 | .8 | .9 | .0 | .1- |
| PRINTING AND PUBLISHING | 427005 | .9 | .9 | .8 | .0 | .1 |
| OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS | 499915 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | .0 | .0 |
| NONMANUFACTURING | 000360 | 61.1 | 61.7 | 60.0 | .6- | 1.1 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 200005 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.1 | .0 | .4- |
| TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC | 500005 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | .1- | .0 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | 600005 | 16.8 | 17.3 | 17.5 | .5- | .7- |
| WHOLESALE TRADE | 650005 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | .1- | .1- |
| RETAIL TRADE | 652005 | 14.3 | 14.7 | 14.9 | .4- | .6- |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE | 700005 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.1 | .0 | .1 |
| SERVICES AND MINING | 800055 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 10.8 | .0 | .7 |
| GOVERNMENT | 998008 | 20.4 | 20.5 | 19.0 | .1- | 1.4 |
| FEDERAL | 998011 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | .1- | .1- |
| STATE AND LOCAL | 998539 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 13.2 | .0 | 1.5 |

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT | 000000 | 95.4 | 96.2 | 95.0 | .8- | .4 |
| MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 16.1 | 16.2 | 15.5 | .1- | .6 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.1 | .1- | .1- |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324065 | .7 | .7 | .8 | .0 | .1- |
| STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 332005 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | .1- | .1- |
| MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL | 335005 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .0 | .0 |
| OTHER DURABLE GOODS | 399915 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | .0 | .1 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 10.4 | .0 | .7 |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420005 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | .1 | .1 |
| TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS | 422005 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | .0 | .2 |
| APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS | 423005 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.9 | .0 | .5 |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | .0 | .1- |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .0 | .0 |
| OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS | 499915 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | .1- | .0 |
| NONMANUFACTURING | 000060 | 79.3 | 80.0 | 79.5 | .7- | .2- |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 200005 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.3 | .1 | .0 |
| TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC | 500005 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.7 | .1- | .0 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | 600005 | 20.4 | 20.8 | 20.2 | .4- | .2 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE | 700005 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 | .1- | .1- |
| SERVICES AND MINING | 800055 | 15.9 | 16.0 | 15.6 | .1- | .3 |
| GOVERNMENT | 998008 | 28.4 | 28.4 | 29.0 | .0 | .6- |
| FEDERAL | 998011 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.9 | .0 | .1- |
| STATE AND LOCAL | 998509 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 13.1 | .0 | .5- |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT | 000000 | 84.3 | 85.2 | 85.1 | .9- | .8- |
| MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 16.2 | 16.4 | 16.8 | .2- | .6- |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300325 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.6 | .1- | .6- |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE | 324005 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | .0 | .1- |
| MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS | 324305 | .7 | .7 | .7 | .0 | .0 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.2 | .1- | .5- |
| OTHER DURABLE GOODS | 399915 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.1 | .1 | .0 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400315 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 10.2 | .1- | .0 |
| FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 420305 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | .0 | .0 |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.8 | .1- | .0 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | .1 | .1 |
| AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS | 428705 | .0 | .0 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS | 429005 | .8 | .8 | .8 | .0 | .0 |
| OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS | 499915 | .9 | .9 | .9 | .0 | .0 |
| NONMANUFACTURING | 000060 | 68.1 | 68.8 | 68.2 | .7- | .1- |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 200005 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.1 | .0 | .6- |
| TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC | 300005 | 8.6 | 9.0 | 8.9 | .4- | .3- |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | 600005 | 19.7 | 20.2 | 19.5 | .5- | .2 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE | 650005 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.3 | .1- | .1 |
| RETAIL TRADE | 652005 | 15.2 | 15.7 | 15.3 | .5- | .1- |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE | 700005 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | .0 | .1 |
| SERVICES AND MINING | 800055 | 15.1 | 15.3 | 14.6 | .2- | .5 |
| GOVERNMENT | 998008 | 16.1 | 15.7 | 16.2 | .4 | .1- |
| FEDERAL | 998011 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | .0 | .1 |
| STATE AND LOCAL | 998509 | 13.6 | 13.2 | 13.8 | .4 | .2- |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980 — MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | CURR MO JAN 1980 | PREV MO DEC 1979 | CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979 | NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO | NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL MANUFACTURING | 300005 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 11.9 | .3- | .4- |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.8 | .1- | .3- |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.1 | .1- | .0 |
| SELECTED INDUSTRIES: | | | | | | |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | .0 | .1- |
| PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 | .0 | .1- |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | .0 | .1 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.4 | .1- | .5- |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY — MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

| PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE | SERIES CODE | AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO JAN 80 | AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING PRV MO DEC 79 | AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CH YA JAN 79 | AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO JAN 80 | AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PRV MO DEC 79 | AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CH YA JAN 79 | AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO JAN 80 | AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING PRV MO DEC 79 | AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CH YA JAN 79 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL MANUFACTURING | 300005 | $311.32 | $297.77 | $271.51 | 43.0 | 41.3 | 41.2 | $7.24 | $7.21 | $6.59 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 300025 | $273.91 | $233.86 | $216.96 | 40.7 | 34.8 | 36.1 | $6.73 | $6.72 | $6.01 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 400015 | $335.53 | $338.98 | $308.19 | 44.5 | 45.5 | 44.6 | $7.54 | $7.45 | $6.91 |
| SELECTED INDUSTRIES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS | 324005 | $193.96 | $179.95 | $194.62 | 37.3 | 36.5 | 40.8 | $5.20 | $4.93 | $4.77 |
| PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS | 426005 | $391.78 | $397.50 | $357.90 | 46.2 | 46.6 | 46.3 | $8.48 | $8.53 | $7.73 |
| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 428005 | $276.06 | $255.96 | $222.60 | 43.0 | 40.5 | 37.1 | $6.42 | $6.32 | $6.00 |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 337005 | $318.86 | $320.38 | $270.27 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 40.1 | $7.61 | $7.61 | $6.74 |

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

## GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

| Area and Employment | Preliminary January 1980 | Revised December 1979 | January 1979 | Change From Revised December 1979 | Change From January 1979 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **GEORGIA** | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 2,312,554 | 2,348,217 | 2,290,572 | -35,663 | 21,982 |
| Employed | 2,195,462 | 2,229,240 | 2,167,023 | -33,778 | 28,439 |
| Unemployed | 117,092 | 118,977 | 123,549 | -1,885 | -6,457 |
| *Rate* | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.4 | xxx | xxx |
| **ALBANY SMSA** | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 49,339 | 49,656 | 47,691 | -317 | 1,648 |
| Employed | 46,535 | 46,688 | 44,993 | -153 | 1,542 |
| Unemployed | 2,804 | 2,968 | 2,698 | -164 | 106 |
| *Rate* | 5.7 | 6.0 | 5.7 | xxx | xxx |
| **ATLANTA SMSA** | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 935,154 | 951,336 | 921,607 | -16,182 | 13,547 |
| Employed | 891,244 | 907,265 | 874,261 | -16,021 | 16,983 |
| Unemployed | 43,910 | 44,071 | 47,346 | -161 | -3,436 |
| *Rate* | 4.7 | 4.6 | 5.1 | xxx | xxx |
| **AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA** | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 120,965 | 121,856 | 119,822 | -891 | 1,143 |
| Employed | 114,488 | 115,621 | 113,124 | -1,133 | 1,364 |
| Unemployed | 6,477 | 6,235 | 6,698 | 242 | -221 |
| *Rate* | 5.4 | 5.1 | 5.6 | xxx | xxx |
| **COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA** | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 84,270 | 84,998 | 84,059 | -728 | 211 |
| Employed | 78,757 | 79,511 | 78,411 | -754 | 346 |
| Unemployed | 5,513 | 5,487 | 5,648 | 26 | -135 |
| *Rate* | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.7 | xxx | xxx |
| **MACON SMSA** | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 95,513 | 97,364 | 97,121 | -1,851 | -1,608 |
| Employed | 90,969 | 92,442 | 91,330 | -1,473 | -361 |
| Unemployed | 4,544 | 4,922 | 5,791 | -378 | -1,247 |
| *Rate* | 4.8 | 5.1 | 6.0 | xxx | xxx |
| **SAVANNAH SMSA** | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 85,281 | 85,930 | 87,773 | -649 | -2,492 |
| Employed | 80,914 | 81,257 | 82,438 | -343 | -1,524 |
| Unemployed | 4,367 | 4,673 | 5,335 | -306 | -968 |
| *Rate* | 5.1 | 5.4 | 6.1 | xxx | xxx |

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

*Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems*

## AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

| Residence and Employment Status | Preliminary January 1980 | Revised December 1979 | January 1979 | Change From Revised December 1979 | Change From January 1979 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 120,965 | 121,856 | 119,822 | -891 | 1,143 |
| Employed | 114,488 | 115,621 | 113,124 | -1,133 | 1,364 |
| Unemployed | 6,477 | 6,235 | 6,698 | 242 | -221 |
| *Rate* | 5.4 | 5.1 | 5.6 | xxx | xxx |
| RESIDING IN GEORGIA | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 80,405 | 80,664 | 79,752 | -259 | 653 |
| Employed | 76,265 | 76,515 | 75,128 | -250 | 1,137 |
| Unemployed | 4,140 | 4,149 | 4,624 | -9 | -484 |
| *Rate* | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.8 | xxx | xxx |
| RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 40,560 | 41,192 | 40,070 | -632 | 490 |
| Employed | 38,223 | 39,106 | 37,996 | -883 | 227 |
| Unemployed | 2,337 | 2,086 | 2,074 | 251 | 263 |
| *Rate* | 5.8 | 5.1 | 5.2 | xxx | xxx |

## COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

| Residence and Employment Status | Preliminary January 1980 | Revised December 1979 | January 1979 | Change From Revised December 1979 | Change From January 1979 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 84,270 | 84,998 | 84,059 | -728 | 211 |
| Employed | 78,757 | 79,511 | 78,411 | -754 | 346 |
| Unemployed | 5,513 | 5,487 | 5,648 | 26 | -135 |
| *Rate* | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.7 | xxx | xxx |
| RESIDING IN GEORGIA | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 66,778 | 67,439 | 66,936 | -661 | -158 |
| Employed | 62,837 | 63,399 | 62,607 | -562 | 230 |
| Unemployed | 3,941 | 4,040 | 4,329 | -99 | -388 |
| *Rate* | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.5 | xxx | xxx |
| RESIDING IN ALABAMA | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 17,492 | 17,559 | 17,123 | -67 | 369 |
| Employed | 15,920 | 16,112 | 15,804 | -192 | 116 |
| Unemployed | 1,572 | 1,447 | 1,319 | 125 | 253 |
| *Rate* | 9.0 | 8.2 | 7.7 | xxx | xxx |

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

| Residence and Employment Status | Preliminary January 1980 | Revised December 1979 | January 1979 | Change From Revised December 1979 | Change From January 1979 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| GEORGIA TOTAL | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 2,312,554 | 2,348,217 | 2,290,572 | -35,663 | 21,982 |
| Employed | 2,195,462 | 2,229,240 | 2,167,023 | -33,778 | 28,439 |
| Unemployed | 117,092 | 118,977 | 123,549 | -1,885 | -6,457 |
| *Rate* | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.4 | xxx | xxx |
| METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 1,360,089 | 1,380,197 | 1,347,854 | -20,108 | 12,235 |
| Employed | 1,292,955 | 1,311,926 | 1,275,143 | -18,971 | 17,812 |
| Unemployed | 67,134 | 68,271 | 72,711 | -1,137 | -5,577 |
| *Rate* | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.4 | xxx | xxx |
| NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE | | | | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 952,465 | 968,020 | 942,718 | -15,555 | 9,747 |
| Employed | 902,507 | 917,314 | 891,880 | -14,807 | 10,627 |
| Unemployed | 49,958 | 50,706 | 50,838 | -748 | -880 |
| *Rate* | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.4 | xxx | xxx |

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition,employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers

*(Trends:)*
*Cost $351.37*
*Quantity 3.000*